



CHEVIN INSET 5 MKII

Instructions for:
Installation/Operation/Maintenance/Serviceing

JINCHI05 REV B 06/06/2019

STOVE MODELS



INSET 5

CVSCHI05FMFS

CVSCHI05FM






Welcome to the Hunter Stoves family and thank you for purchasing a Parkray Chevin stove. This stove was designed and built to be a high-performance heating appliance, and we hope it will bring you great enjoyment. The natural environment is important to us, so our stoves are manufactured to provide you with a clean and efficient burn that will keep you warm through

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TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

GENERAL	 		Chevin Inset 5
	Energy Efficiency Class		A 
	Nominal Heat Output	Ancit	4.9kW
	Energy Efficiency	EEl	103
	Efficiency	Ancit	77.1%
	Mean CO (@13% O ₂)	Ancit	0.19%
	Appliance Mass		100kg
	Recommended Fuels	Wood	Seasoned Wood (less than 20% moisture content)
		Smokeless Fuel	Anthracite or a manufactured briquette smokeless fuel which is suitable for closed door appliances.
	Log Length		235mm
	Mean Flue Gas Temperature	Ancit	292°C
	Flue Gas Mass Flow	Ancit	4.3 g/s
	Flue Outlet Size (with Adaptor)		125mm
	VENTILATION	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Where leakage is greater than 5m³/hour/m² - Ventilation normally required = 550mm² per kW output over 5kW 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Where leakage is less than or equal to 5m³/hour/m² - Ventilation normally required = 550mm² per kW of appliance rated output. 		2,695mm ²	

For further information on ventilation please refer to Building Regulations Document J or your installer. This stove has been designed and assembled so that it may be used to burn wood logs in a Smoke Control Area.

Find out if you are in a Smoke Control Area by contacting your Local Authority.

The Chevin 5 Inset has been fitted with a permanent stop that prevents closure of the secondary air slider. Removal of this will lead to the appliance potentially causing smoke emissions. Without the permanent stop in place the appliance is not an exempt appliance and so may leave the householder liable for a fine up to £1000.

PLEASE READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS PRIOR TO INSTALLATION AND OPERATION.

KEEP THESE INSTRUCTIONS IN A SAFE PLACE FOR FUTURE REFERENCE AND SERVICING.

THIS APPLIANCE WILL BECOME HOT WHEN USED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THESE INSTRUCTIONS, HUNTER STOVES RECOMMEND THAT AN APPROVED GUARD IS USED TO PROTECT THE YOUNG, ELDERLY OR INFIRM FROM HARM.

**THE INSTALLER COMMISSIONING SHEET CAN BE FOUND ON THE BACK COVER.
PLEASE ENSURE THAT IT IS COMPLETED PRIOR TO USE.**

General Guidance

It is important that your stove is correctly installed and operated as Hunter Stoves cannot accept responsibility for any fault arising through incorrect installation, use, maintenance or servicing.

These instructions cover the basic principles to ensure satisfactory installation of the stove, although detail may need slight modification to suit particular local site conditions.

The installation must comply with current Building Regulations, National and European Standards, Local Authority Byelaws and other specifications or regulations as they affect the installation of the appliance.

The Building Regulations requirements may also be met by adopting the relevant recommendations in the current issues of British Standards BS 8303 and BS EN 15287-1.

Only use approved fuels on this appliance. Information about this can be found on Page 20/21.

This is a Domestic Appliance and must only be used in accordance with these instructions. Do not place articles that are affected by high temperatures on, or near, this appliance. Do not place furniture or other items within 900mm of the front of this appliance. See the note on material clearances on page 12.

Fitting a stove in a room which also contains an extractor fan and/or cooker hood should be avoided where possible. If this is unavoidable, the suitability of the space for fitting this appliance must be decided at the discretion of a qualified installer, and a flue draught interference test must be performed.

Do not obstruct the ventilation required for the safe use of this appliance.

Competent Persons Scheme

Hunter Stoves recommend that this stove is installed by a member of an accredited competent persons scheme e.g. HETAS. If the installer is not a member of a competent person's scheme, it is a legal requirement, in the UK, to notify your Local Building Control Officer in advance of any installation work starting.

Health and Safety Precautions

Special care must be taken when installing the stove such that the requirements of the Health and Safety at Work Act are met.

Handling

This appliance is very heavy. Adequate facilities must be available for loading, unloading and site handling.

Fire Cement

Some types of fire cement are caustic and should not be allowed to come into contact with the skin. In case of contact, wash immediately with plenty of water.

Asbestos

This stove contains no asbestos. If there is a possibility of disturbing any asbestos in the course of installation, then please seek specialist guidance and use appropriate protective equipment.

Metal Parts

When installing or servicing this stove, care should be taken to avoid the possibility of personal injury.

Modification

No unauthorised modification of this appliance should be carried out.

Safety

WARNING!

This appliance will be hot when in operation and due care should be taken. The supplied gloves may be used to open the door and operate the air controls.

Aerosols

Do not use an aerosol spray on or near the stove when it is alight.

Fireguards

Always use a fireguard in the presence of children, the elderly or the infirm. The fireguard should be manufactured in accordance with BS8423 – Fireguards for use with solid fuel appliances.

Do Not Over-Fire

It is possible to fire the stove beyond its design capacity. This could damage the stove so watch for signs of over-firing. If any part of the stove starts to glow red, the stove is in an over-fire situation and the controls should be adjusted accordingly. Never leave the stove unattended for long periods without first adjusting the controls to a safe setting. Careful air supply control should be exercised at all times.

Fume Emission

Properly installed and operated, this appliance will not emit fumes. Occasional fumes from de-ashing and refueling may occur. Persistent fume emission must not be tolerated.

This appliance should not be operated with the door open.

If fume emission does persist then the following action should be taken immediately;

- Open Doors and windows to ventilate room.
- Let the fire out, or eject and safely dispose of fuel from the appliance.
- Check for flue/chimney blockage and clean if required.
- Do not attempt to relight the fire until the cause has been identified and corrected.
- If necessary, seek professional advice.

Adverse Weather

In a small number of installations, occasional local weather conditions (e.g. wind from a particular direction) may cause downdraught in the flue and the stove to emit fumes. In these circumstances the stove should not be used. A professional flue installer will be able to give advice on solutions to this problem (e.g. anti-downdraught cowl).

Carbon Monoxide Detector

Hunter Stoves recommend a Carbon Monoxide Detector that conforms to the latest issue of BS EN 50292 is placed in the same room as the appliance. The installation of such an alarm is not considered as a substitute for regular maintenance or servicing of the appliance and Flue system.

IN THE EVENT OF A CHIMNEY FIRE:

- Raise the alarm
- Call the Fire Brigade
- Close appliance air controls
- Move furniture, ornaments etc. away
- Place a fireguard in front of stove
- Check the chimney breast for signs of excessive heat.

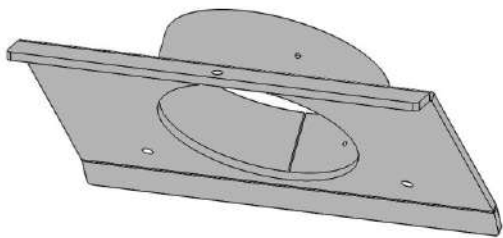
If the wall is becoming excessively hot, move furniture away.

Ensure the Fire Brigade can gain access to your roof space in order to check for fire spread.

Fitting The Optional Flue Adaptor

This product is designed to fit into a standard 16" fireback.

An optional Flue Adaptor (Part No: HCN05074) for Ø125mm flexible liners is supplied with this Appliance.

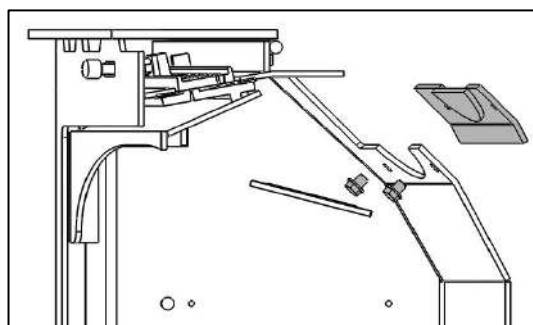


N.B.The flue adaptor is designed to allow connection of a 125mm flexible flue liner or 125mm single skin flue pipe to the flue outlet of the Inset 5 MKII room heater. Some modification of the fireplace opening will be necessary to allow sufficient room to accommodate the adaptor. The adaptor has a 125mm (5") flue socket designed to accept flue liner adaptors and flue pipe. Flexible flue liners should not be directly connected to the Inset 5 MKII Flue adaptor as this may result in deformation of the liner.

To Fit The Flue Adaptor

Remove all the stove interior parts and door(s) as detailed on (pages 10-12).

Unscrew the two M8 screws from the inside of the stove and remove the Flue Infill plate.



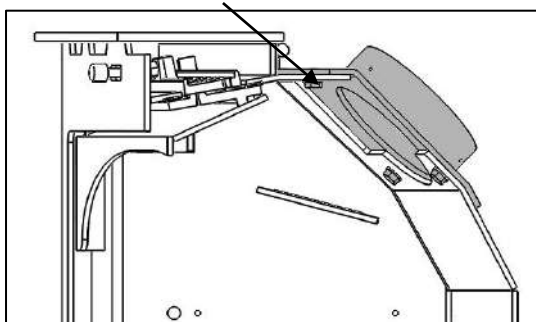
Replace the Flue Infill Plate with the Flue Adaptor.

Apply fire cement to the mating surfaces of the adaptor and stove flue outlet.

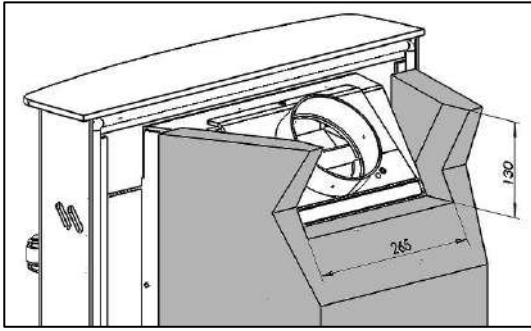
Screw the Flue adaptor in place with the three M8 screws and washers from the inside of the stove.

If connecting to a flexible flue liner, use a flexible flue liner to single skin flue adaptor to connect to the Inset 5 MKII adaptor. Use self-tapping screws through the holes provided to fix the flue in place.

Self-Tapping Screw Holes.

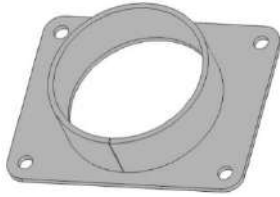


The upper section of the fireback will need to be removed to fit the stove with the optional flue adaptor fitted.



Fitting The Optional Direct Air Kit

An optional Direct Air Adaptor (Part No: HCN05079) is supplied with this appliance.



If the Direct Air Adaptor is to be fitted a Direct Air kit will need to be purchased.

Direct Air Kit Code: (HCE16ARRT007)

Contents of kit

<i>Description</i>	<i>Part Number</i>	<i>Quantity</i>
Adaptor Coupling	DACM80	1
Aluminium Duct	DAPM80	1
Bull Nose Vent & Flange	DAVM80	1
Duct Clip	FHC1060135	1

These instructions cover the installation of the Direct Air Adaptor kit to the Hunter Inset 5 MKII stoves.

This Direct Air Adaptor allows the combustion air for the stove to be ducted directly from outside. ***N.B. This does not constitute a "room sealed installation" as some air is allowed to pass through the stoves inlet duct.*** This provides relief from draught fluctuations and will help to clear the air in the room should flue gas spillage occur. It is important that your stove is correctly installed as Hunter cannot accept responsibility for any fault arising from incorrect use or installation. The installation must comply with current Building Regulations, national and European standards, Local Authority Byelaws and other specifications or regulations as they affect the installation of the stove.

The Building Regulations requirements may also be met by adopting the relevant recommendations in the current issues of British Standards BS 8303 and BS EN 15287-1.

Siting of the Inlet Grille

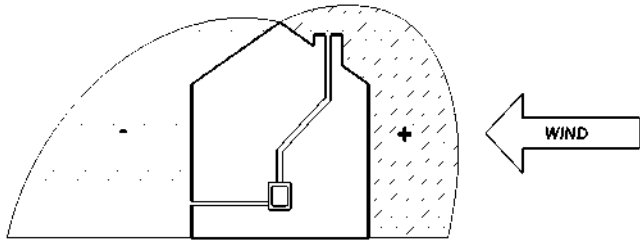
Due consideration should be given to the siting of the inlet grill to ensure that strong winds on either the flue terminal, inlet grill or the building itself will not cause the flow of flue gasses or combustion air to be stalled or reversed.

If in doubt the inlet duct should be divided by a tee piece and two inlet grills fitted on opposite sides of the building. Alternatively, the duct may be connected to a space or chamber under the floor on which the stove is installed which is ventilated from all sides of the building.

Take note of prevailing winds in the area as well as any tall buildings or trees that may be present and could potentially create pressure zones around the chimney terminal.

Do not fit the inlet vent on the downwind side of the building unless the flue terminal is also on the same side. Otherwise downdraft may occur in windy conditions.

Care must also be taken when siting the inlet grille to ensure that it will not become susceptible to blockage.



Clearances To Combustible Materials

In extreme circumstances it may be possible for the flow of flue gasses in the stove to become reversed. In this condition the duct will become heated by the hot flue gas and consideration must therefore be given to preventing the risk of fire.

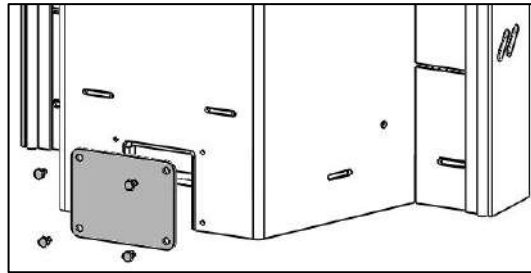
The duct must be insulated wherever there is any combustible material within a distance of 300mm from the surface of the duct. It is also advisable to insulate the duct wherever possible to reduce the risk of condensation.

Where necessary the duct should be insulated with 30mm thick Rockwool Rocklap H&V Pipe Sections, having a nominal density not less than 120kg/m³, with a factory applied facing of reinforced aluminium foil incorporating integral lap for fixing. Fixing to be in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

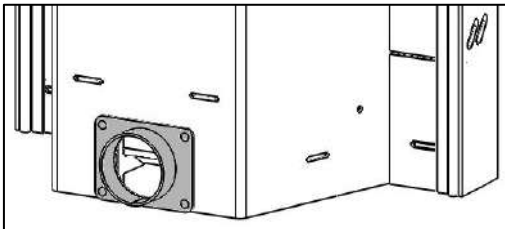
Connection To The Stove

Fit the Direct Air Adaptor to the rear of the stove.

Unscrew the four M6 screws and remove the Direct Air cover plate.

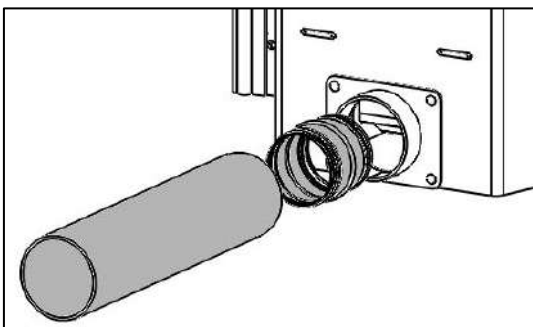


Replace the Direct Air Cover Plate with the Direct Air adaptor. Screw the Direct Air adaptor in place with the four M6 screws and washers.

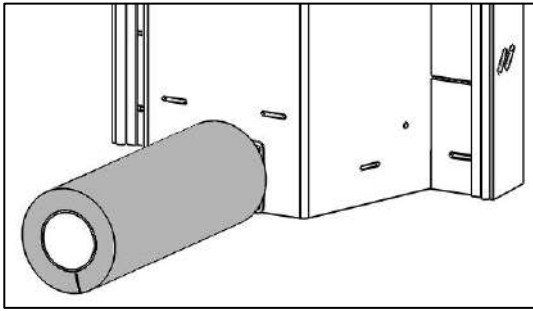


Measure the fireplace opening and check that there is sufficient room for the Direct Air Adaptor and that the position of any hole for the flexible ducting and any insulation is suitably sized and positioned. Carry out any necessary remedial work.

Measure and cut the duct as necessary, allowing an extra 50mm to make the connection to the inlet grille. Connect the duct to the adaptor using the Direct Air Coupling.



Where necessary fit the insulation to the duct, sealing all joints with foil tape.



Pass the duct through the prepared hole and manoeuvre the stove into position.

Connection To The Inlet Grille

Offer the Inlet grille into position on the outside wall and where necessary mark and drill the fixing holes.

Connect the Inlet grille to the duct using the clamp provided. Apply a bead of sealant to the back face of the inlet grille and fix the grille to the wall.

Pre-Installation Requirements

PLEASE CHECK THE FOLLOWING:

Any existing chimney/flue system must be confirmed as suitable for this appliance as defined in Building Regulations Document J. It must be swept and inspected, by a competent person (see notes), to confirm that is structurally sound and free from cracks and obstructions.

The diameter of the Flue should not be less than $\varnothing 125\text{mm}$ and not more than $\varnothing 230\text{mm}$. Do not connect to systems that have large voids or spaces. If any of these requirements are not met, the chimney should be lined by a suitable method.

If the chimney is suspected of previously serving an open fire it must be swept again, within a month of regular use, to clear any soot that may have been dislodged due to the variation in combustion levels and higher flue gas temperature levels.

The chimney/flue system exit must comply with Building Regulations Document J.

The minimum height of the chimney/flue system must be 4.5 metres and should terminate in accordance with table 1.

Make provision to access the chimney/flue system for cleaning and the removal of debris.

If there is no existing chimney then either a prefabricated block chimney in accordance with Building Regulations Approved Document J, or a twin-walled insulated stainless-steel flue to BS4543 can be used. These chimneys must be fitted in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and Building Regulations. New masonry and flue block chimneys must meet the requirements of Building Regulations Document J. Any connecting flue pipe systems must also meet these regulations.

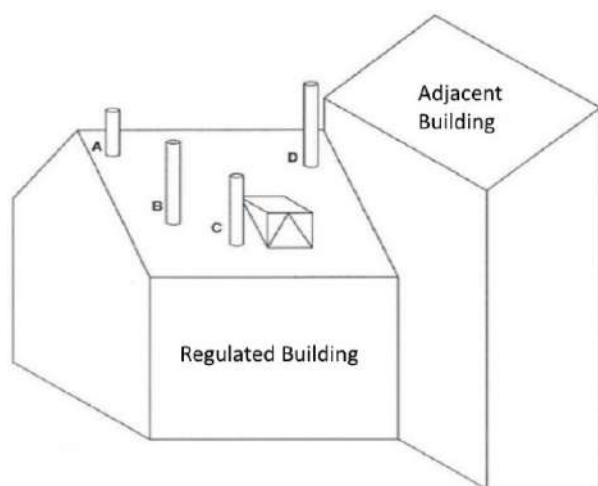
Please check the suitability of the fireplace and/or surround for use with this appliance before installing it. Many Fire Surrounds are only suitable for use with gas and electric fires and therefore may not be suitable for this Solid Fuel Appliance. Please check your Fire Surround.

Fire Surround Back Panels suitable for solid fuel are usually in three sections and slatted.

If you have any doubts about the suitability of your chimney, consult your local Dealer/Stockist.

Both the chimney and flue pipe must be accessible for cleaning and if ANY part of the chimney cannot be reached through the stove (with baffle removed), a soot door must be fitted in a suitable position.

Flue Outlet Positions



	Position on Roof	Clearances to flue exit
A	At or within 600mm of the ridge	At least 600mm above the ridge
B	Elsewhere on a roof (Pitched or Flat)	At least 2.3 M horizontally from the nearest point on the weather surface and: a) At least 1.0 M above the highest point of intersection between the chimney and weather surface; or b) at least as high as the ridge
C	Below (on a pitched roof) or within 2.3 M horizontally to an opening window or dormer	At least 1.0 M above the top of the opening
D	Within 2.3 M of an adjoining or adjacent building, whether or not beyond the boundary	At least 600mm above any part of the adjacent building within 2.3 M

Table1. – Flue Terminal Positions

A full copy of Document J can be found here:

http://www.planningportal.gov.uk/uploads/br/BR_PDF_ADJ_2010.pdf

Legal Requirements

Hunter Stoves requests that before installation and/or use of this appliance that you read these instructions carefully to ensure that all the relevant requirements are fully understood.

These instructions cover the basic principles to ensure satisfactory installation of the stove, although detail may need slight modification to suit particular local site conditions. In all cases the installation must comply with current Building Regulations, Local Authority Byelaws, European and National Standards and other specifications or regulations as they affect the installation of the stove.

It should be noted that the Building Regulations requirements may be met by adopting the relevant recommendations given in British Standards BS 8303, BS 6461 and BS 7566 as an alternative means to achieve an equivalent level of performance to that obtained following the guidance given in Approved Document J.

Your local Building Control Officer can advise you regarding the interpretation of the Regulations should there be any questions.

This appliance must be installed by a Registered Installer (see Competent Persons Scheme) or approved by your local Building Control Officer.

All works undertaken must be carried out with due care and attention to meet the requirements of the Health & Safety code of practice and any other legislation that may have been introduced since the publication of these instructions.

Competent Persons Scheme

Members of the following schemes may self-certify the installation of this stove. If the installer is not a member of one of these schemes, your local Building Control Department must approve the installation.

Scheme	Web address	Telephone
APHC (Association of Plumbing and Heating Contractors (Certification) Ltd	www.aphc.co.uk	0121 711 5030
Building Engineering Services Competence Accreditation (BESCA Limited)	www.hvca.org.uk / www.besca.org.uk	0800 652 5533
HETAS Ltd (Heating Equipment Testing and Approval Scheme)	www.hetas.co.uk	01684 278170
NAPIT Registration Ltd	www.napit.org.uk	01623 811483
NICEIC Group Ltd	www.niceic.com	0870 013 0389

Flue Draught

A flue draught of minimum 1.2mm to a maximum 2.5mm water gauge is required for satisfactory appliance performance. The flue draught should be checked under fire at high output with windows and doors closed.

To take the reading cover all air intakes and put a hole in the covering for the top air for the reader to go through to take the reading.

If it exceeds the recommended maximum, a draught stabiliser must be fitted so that the rate of burning can be controlled and to prevent over firing. If the reading is less than the recommended minimum, then the performance of the appliance will be compromised.

Connection To The Chimney/Flue System

The gap between the old fireplace and stove flue outlet must be filled in so that there is a smooth streamlined entry into the flue way. It is essential that all connections between the stove and chimney-flue are sealed and made airtight. Both the chimney and any flue pipe must be accessible for cleaning and if ANY parts of the chimney cannot be reached through the stove (with baffle removed), a soot door must be fitted in a suitable position to enable this to be done.

Air Supply

Where necessary, any air opening must be kept clear of blockage or obstruction. Due consideration should be given to air requirements for any other appliances in the same room or space.

Material Clearances

Any non-combustible walls within 50mm of this appliance should be at least 200mm thick and should extend 300mm above the top of the appliance and at least 1.2 metres above the hearth. Any walls more than 50mm from the appliance may be reduced to a thickness of 75mm. Ensure the inter-connecting flue pipe also has adequate clearances to combustible materials.

A hearth with a minimum thickness of 125mm should be provided. The hearth should extend to at least 300mm in front of the stove and 150mm at the sides, and should be in accordance with the current building regulations. In all instances the hearth and fireplace recess should be made of non-combustible material.

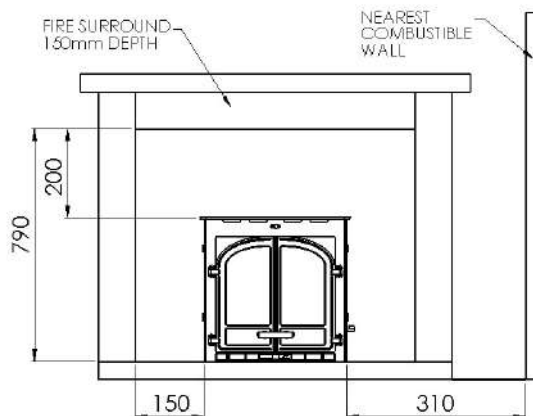
The appliance shall be installed on a floor with adequate load-bearing capacity. If the existing construction does not meet this prerequisite, suitable measures (e.g. load distributing plate) should be taken to achieve it.

Minimum Distances to Combustible Material	
Above the stove	200mm
At the side of the stove	150mm
Nearest Side Wall	310mm
In front of the stove	900mm

Note: combustible material refers to any material that will degrade when subjected to heat (e.g. plaster).

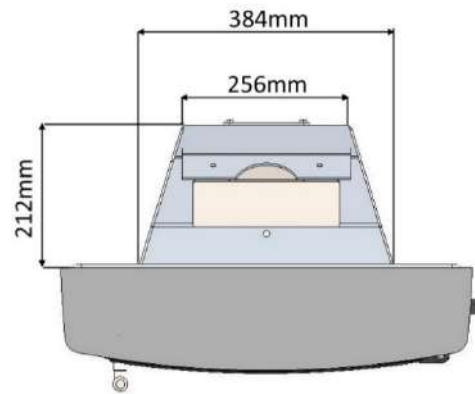
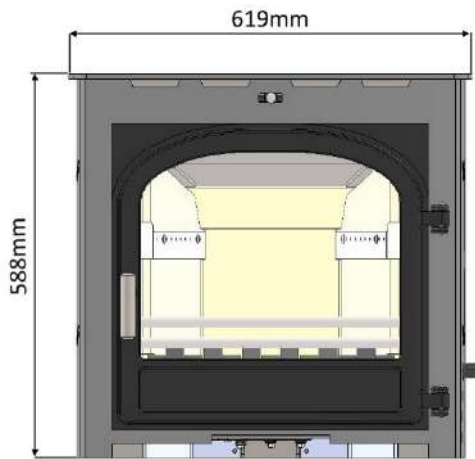
Fireplace Dimensions

(Fire surround and side wall shown are combustible and all dimensions stated are minimum).



Appliance Dimensions

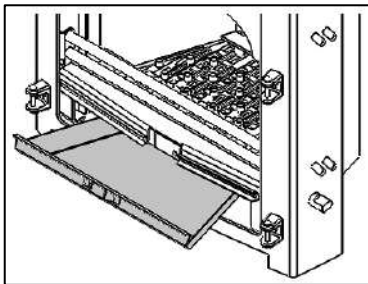
Rear of Stove showing the Flue Infill Plate
(Standard Supply Configuration)



Removing Internal Components

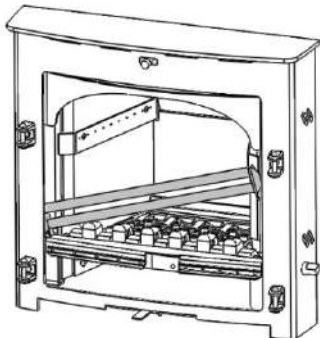
All internal components must be removed prior to fitting the stove. This will make handling the stove easier; allow access to fixings and the flue outlet; as well as protect the internal components from damage during the installation process.

1.



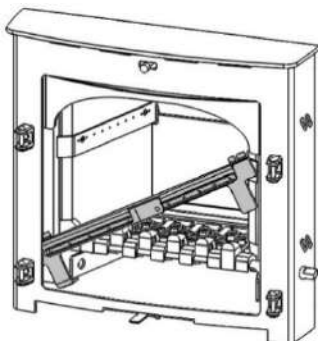
Open the door(s) and remove the ashpan.

2.

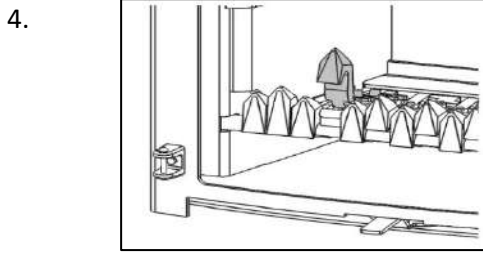


Remove the fuel retainer by lifting the right-hand side until it will clear the opening and remove.

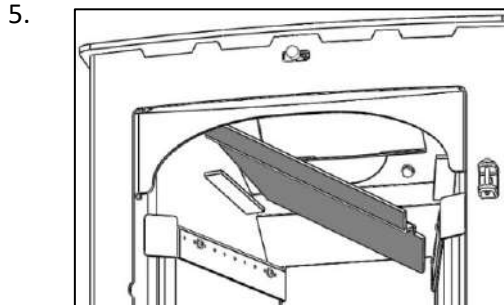
3.



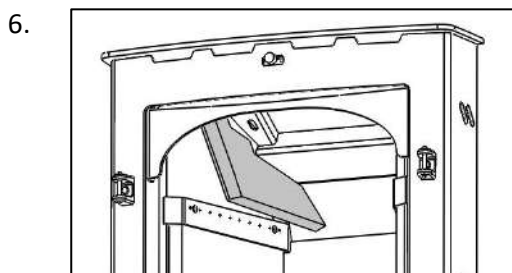
Remove the catch bar/front plate by lifting the right-hand side until it will clear the opening and remove.



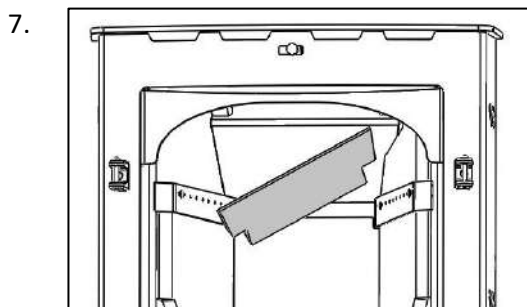
Remove the grate bars by lifting them away from the cam bar and pulling forward out of the rear grate support. The singular bars should be removed first, noting their positions (low or high), leaving the two static triangular bars in place.



Pull the Baffle forward and to the left-hand side, allowing the right-hand edge of the Baffle to drop down into the stove, and remove.

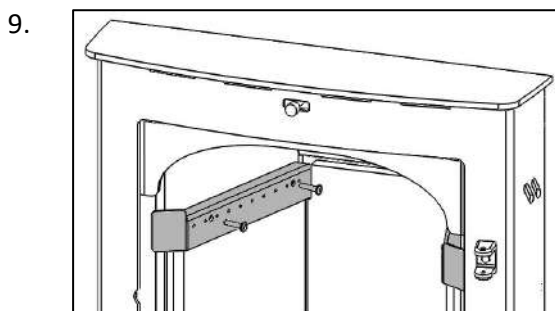


Remove one of the upper side bricks by lifting it out of its support on the tertiary air bar and lower it into the firebox. **(Note: at this stage only remove one of the upper side bricks.)**

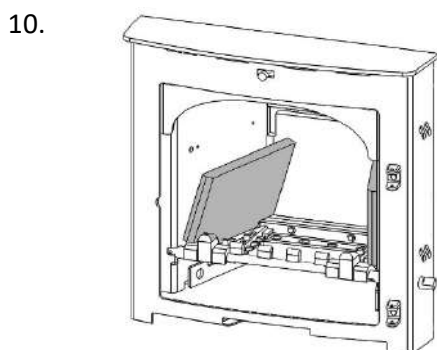


Remove the upper rear brick by lowering it into the firebox and out.

8. The second upper side brick can now be removed.

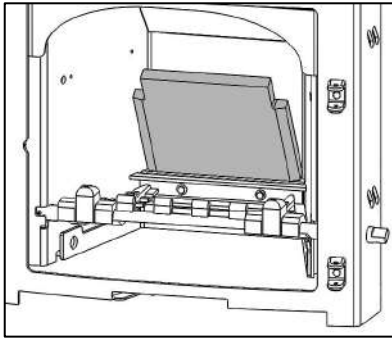


Unscrew the two M6 screws and remove the Turbo Bars.



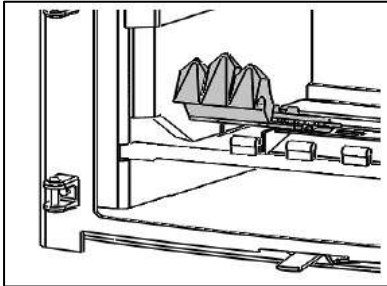
Remove the lower side bricks by tilting the top edge of the Bricks into the firebox and lifting out.

11.



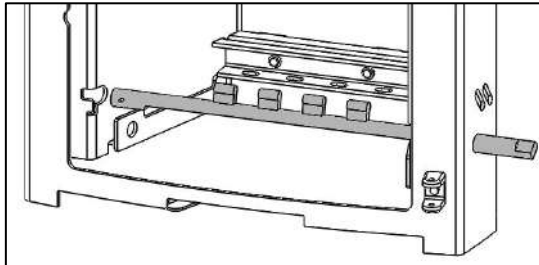
Remove the lower rear brick by tilting the top edge into the firebox and lifting out.

12.



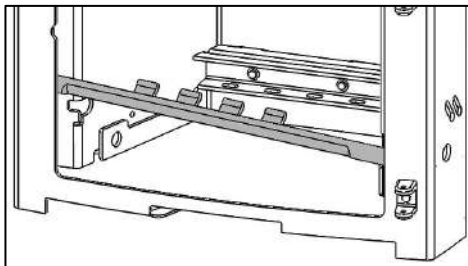
Remove the side grate bars by lifting them away from the cam bar and pulling forward out of the rear support. **NB. When re-installing, the side bars need to be installed first, followed by the singular bars. The final two grate bars should be installed at the same time for ease of fit.**

13.



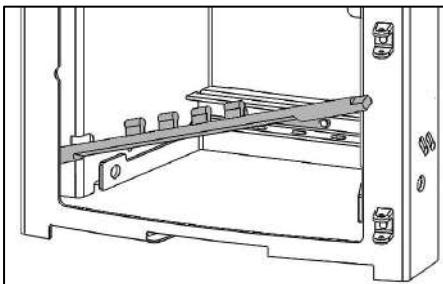
Remove the cam bar by firstly sliding it to the right until the left-hand end is clear of the hole.

14.



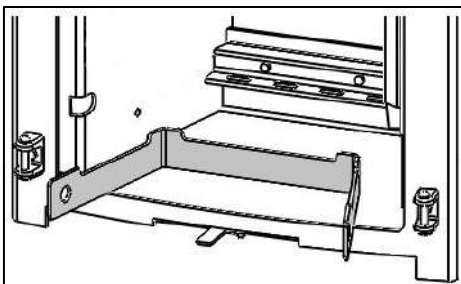
Then manoeuvre the left-hand end of the cam bar into the void in the front left-hand side of the stove.

15.



Then raise the right-hand side and swing out through the door opening.

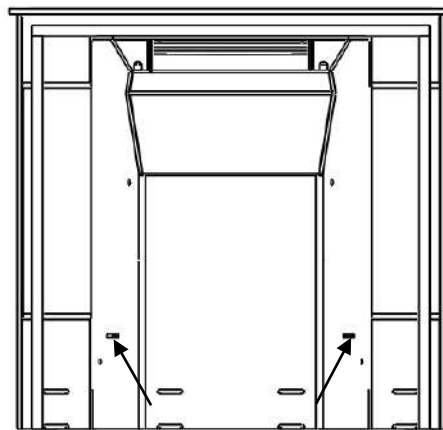
16.



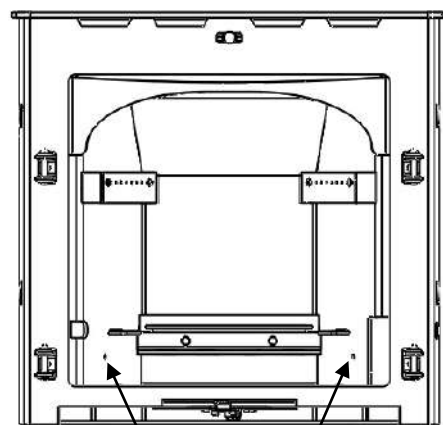
Remove the ash barrier by sliding out of the stove.

Installing The Stove

1. Unpack the stove.
2. Remove internal components.
3. Move the stove into position inside the fireplace opening being careful not to damage the hearth or paintwork on the stove and making sure that the 12mm rope seal is compressed forming a tight seal between the stove and fireplace.
4. Drill into the existing fireback through the fixing holes in the body, (see below) using a 6mm drill bit.
5. Place the screws provided into the fixing holes and gently tighten until the stove feels secure.
6. Fill the fixing holes with fire cement to form an airtight seal.
7. Seal the area where the throat meets the flue outlet of the stove with fire cement.
8. Refit the internal components.



FIXING HOLES
Rear View



FIXING HOLES
Front View

Commissioning And Handover

Appliance Check

Please check that all components are correctly assembled and working correctly.

Ensure the Door Catch mechanism is adjusted correctly and the 12mm Rope Seals around the door are air tight and sealing.

Ensure the Air Controls are working correctly.

Hunter Stoves recommend that you carry out a smoke draw test to check the soundness of the chimney/flue system and seals:

Place a Smoke Pellet in the centre of the Grate, ensure that all of the Air Controls are fully open and close the Door. The smoke should now be drawn up the chimney and you should be able to see it exit from the chimney/flue terminal. We recommend that you do this test with all of the windows and doors, to the room where the appliance is fitted, closed.

If there any adjoining room(s) that have an Extractor Fan fitted, open the adjoining door to ensure that the chimney/flue system is not compromised when the fan is operating. If there is a ceiling fan fitted in the room, please operate it and ensure that it does not affect the operation of the chimney/flue system.

If any of these tests fail, please re-check the suitability of the chimney/flue system together with the ventilation.

A small fire can now be lit and allow the appliance to heat up slowly ensuring that no products of combustion enter into the room.

When the appliance has reached working temperature open the Door and carry out a spillage test using a smoke match around the door opening. If there is excessive spillage, please allow the appliance to cool and then re-check the chimney/flue system and ventilation.

Do not run the stove at full output for at least 24 hours.

On completion of the commissioning:

Upon completion, allow a suitable period of time for any fire cement and mortar to dry out. A small fire may then be lit and checked to ensure the smoke and fumes are taken from the stove up the chimney and emitted safely to atmosphere. Do not run the stove at full output for at least 24 hours.

Please instruct the user on the safe operation of this appliance, how the controls work and basic maintenance requirements.

Ensure that the operating instructions and appliance tools are left with the customer and the check lists have been filled out correctly.

Please advise the customer on the correct use of the appliance with the fuels likely to be used on the stove and warn them to use only the recommended fuels for the stove. Advise the user on what to do should smoke or fumes be emitted from the stove.

The user should be warned to use a fireguard to BS 6539 in the presence of children, aged and/or infirm persons. Hunter Stoves also recommend that a CO alarm is fitted into the room where the appliance is located.

User Instructions

Please Read the 'General Guidance' Section at the start of these instructions before operating your stove for the first time.

Allow sufficient clearance between the stove and pictures, plasma screen televisions or ornaments etc., as these could be damaged and could potentially create a fire hazard (For more information read the 'Material Clearance' section of these installation instructions).

WARNING – This appliance will be hot when in operation and due care should be taken. The supplied operating tool or gloves may be used to open the door and operate the air controls.

Using The Appliance For The First Time

SAFETY ADVICE

During the first operation it is highly likely that fumes and smells maybe produced as part of the normal heat resistant paint curing process, much like a domestic oven. Therefore, good ventilation during this process is of utmost importance. We recommend that pregnant women, allergic persons and small children as well as domestic animals, especially birds, should not unnecessarily stay in subjected areas.

When being heated up for the first time, smells and fumes are often produced. This is a normal chemical process that allows the specialist heat resistant paint to cure and harden.

Please arrange for good ventilation of the room. Open windows and doors and if necessary, use a ventilator for fast interchange of air. Heat up to operation temperature for at least one hour. If maximum temperature is not achieved after heating up, release of odour may appear later.

Aerosols

Do not use an aerosol spray on or near the stove when it is alight.

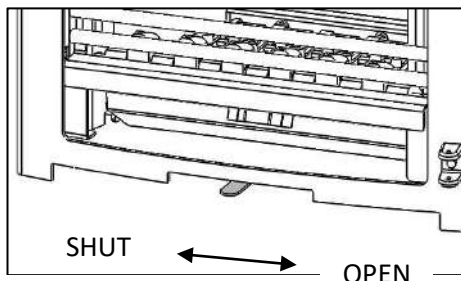
Air Controls

This stove has been designed to burn cleaner and more efficiently than a conventional stove. If used correctly this stove will burn far more efficiently than normal, with the obvious notable feature of CLEAN GLASS.

For this product to work properly it must be used correctly. It is essential that the stove has an adequate air supply for combustion and ventilation. The primary and secondary air inlets must be kept clear from obstruction and blockage.

Primary Air

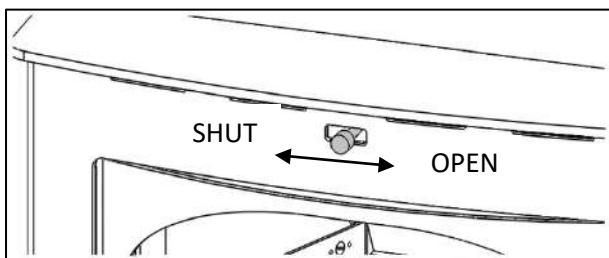
The slider at the bottom of the stove controls the primary air. This provides a conventional air draught to the bed of the fire. The control is open when the slider is fully to the right.



Secondary and Tertiary Air

Secondary air is controlled via the slider above the doors; it is this "Airwash" that keeps a clean and uninterrupted view of the fire. The control is open when pushed towards the right of the Stove.

Tertiary air is fixed and enters the stove through the holes on the side of the firebox. It aids in good secondary combustion and reduces emissions into the chimney and environment.



Locomotive Grate

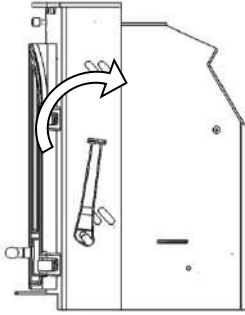
Grate Operation and Burning Wood

Your Herald is fitted with a locomotive type grate. So that de-ashing can be carried out cleanly and easily, it is riddled from the outside of the stove with the doors closed.

To burn wood, push the operating tool up and away from you. When left in this position, air is restricted through the bed of the fire providing a solid base to build up a bed of ash.

Surplus ash can be removed either by gentle riddling or with a shovel.

It might prove beneficial when burning more reactive fuels to leave the grate in a "neutral" position, thus directing some under fire air and some over fire air to the fire bed.



Grate Operation And Burning Solid Mineral Fuels

To burn solid mineral fuels, place the operating tool over the riddling spigot and pull it towards you. When left in that position, air is directed under and up through the slots in the firebed, giving the optimum conditions for burning solid fuels.

It is important that the riddling tool is used to remove the ash to ensure airflow through the fire bed and allow the fire to burn over the entire area of the grate. The ashpan should be emptied at least daily and ash should never be allowed to build up over a period of time as this will result in damage to the fire bars. The flat end of the riddling tool can be used to carry the ashpan.

Loading The Appliance (Solid Mineral Fuel)

Solid mineral fuel should be placed in the stove so that there is no more than a 30° incline of the fuel bed from front to back. It should **not** be stacked above the level of the rear firebrick as this may result in damage to the stove.

With a full load of fuel, the stove will need to be refuelled approximately once every 2 hours.

Air Controls (Solid Mineral Fuel)

Solid mineral fuel burns most efficiently with the secondary air control in the closed position. The primary valve lever can then be used to control the burn rate of the stove. Always de-ash before refuelling and do not let the ash build up to the underside of the grate bars. Solid mineral fuel produces ash, which if allowed to build up will stifle the airflow through the Primary air valve cavity and grate. This will eventually cause the fire to die. With some solid mineral fuels a residue of burnt fuel or clinker will accumulate on the grate, allow the fire to go out periodically to remove this.

IMPORTANT!

We cannot stress firmly enough how important it is to empty the ashpan regularly. Air passing through the fire bed cools the grate bars. Distortion or burning out the grate bars is nearly always caused by ash being allowed to build up to the underside of the grate.

Extended Burning (Solid Mineral Fuel)

The stove can be banked up for extended burning. When burning solid fuel, empty the ashpan. Open air controls and let the fire burn brightly for a short period. Refuel and close both air controls, the exact setting required will depend on the fuel used and the chimney draw so some practice may be necessary.

To revive the fire, open the air controls until the fire is burning brightly de-ash if necessary and refuel. Set air controls as required.

Never leave the stove unattended until you are certain that the flames are fully established.

Should the fire fail to light correctly open the door and use a poker to spread the fuel across the bottom of the firebox. Close the door and allow the fuel and stove to cool before attempting to relight the fire.

Notes on Woodburning

With a full load of wood, the stove will need to be refuelled approximately once every hour. Wood can be stacked in the stove, but care must be taken that logs do not touch the baffle. Overloading the stove can cause excess smoke to be emitted. If there is insufficient burning material in the fire bed to light a new fuel charge, excessive smoke emission can occur.

Refuelling must be carried out with a sufficient quantity of glowing embers and ash, so that the new fuel charge will ignite quickly. If there are too few embers, add some kindling to prevent excessive smoke.

Lighting The Appliance

First, load the fire with starting fuel, i.e. paper, dry sticks and/or firelighters in the mode chosen, either wood or solid mineral fuel. Light the fire at the base leaving all air controls open. Allow the fuel to reach a steady glow and build the fire up gradually. Once you have a good fire established across the grate bed, further fuel can be added as required.

Air Controls

Wood burns most efficiently with the primary air control in the closed position and the secondary air control approximately 60% open. Moving the secondary air control will control the burn rate of the Stove.

The secondary air control should not be completely closed unless the primary air lever is also in the closed position. Wood burns best on a bed of ash and it is therefore only necessary to remove surplus ash from on top of the grate occasionally. Do not let the ash level under the grate reach above the primary air inlet. If allowed to build-up, ash will stifle the airflow through the grate.

Burn only dry, well-seasoned wood, which should have been cut, split and stacked for at least 12 months, with free air movement around the sides of the stack to enable it to dry out. Burning wet or unseasoned wood will create tar deposits in the stove and chimney and will not produce a satisfactory heat output.

IMPORTANT!

We cannot stress firmly enough how important it is to empty the ashpan regularly. Air passing through the fire bed cools the grate bars. Distortion or burning out the grate bars is nearly always caused by ash being allowed to build up to the underside of the grate.

Reduced Combustion

In order to reduce the combustion of the fire to a minimum, close the primary air controls, then close the secondary air slider by moving the handle all the way to the left. If the controls are left in this position, the fire will receive the minimum of air and will die down. If you want to revive the fire it is recommended that the Primary Air control is open first and then open the secondary air slider.

Refueling

Add the new fuel to the fire and open both air controls fully to allow flames to establish on the new fuel. Once the fire is established and the logs are blackened, set the primary air control to its closed position and adjust the secondary air to give the desired heat output.

Never leave the stove unattended until you are certain that the flames are fully established.

Avoid refuelling on to a low fire bed as this may cause excessive smoke emission. Ensure there are sufficient embers to ignite the new fuel rapidly. Alternatively add some more kindling before adding larger pieces of firewood. Do not add firewood above the level of the tertiary air inlets in the sides of the stove. Exceeding this amount can result in the production of excessive smoke.

Extinguishing The Fire

In order to reduce the rate of combustion, close the primary air lever and then the secondary air lever by moving the handles all the way to the left. If the controls are left in this position, the fire will be starved of air and go out. If you want to revive the fire it is recommended that the primary air control is opened first, then open the secondary air slider.

WARNING!

The stove will remain **hot** for a considerable time after the fire has been extinguished

Recommended Fuels

Hunter Stoves recommend that wood logs are burnt in this appliance.

To achieve optimum efficiency, do not exceed a maximum fuel load of 1.6Kg.

Burn only dry, well-seasoned wood, which should have been cut, split and stacked for at least 12 months, with free air movement around the sides of the stack to enable it to dry out.

Burning wet or unseasoned wood will create tar deposits in the stove and chimney and will not produce a satisfactory heat output.

Only authorised smokeless fuels may be used in smoke control areas.

WARNING!

Petroleum coke fuels or household waste must not be burnt on this appliance. Do not use treated timber. Should any difficulties arise over fuel quality or suitability, consult your local approved coal merchant or:

HETAS Ltd. - Telephone 01684 278170 – www.hetas.co.uk

Solid Fuel Association - Telephone 0845 601 4406 – www.solidfuel.co.uk

Wood Logs

Ensure your logs are well seasoned with a moisture content of less than 20%.

Maximum Log Length: 235mm



The Clean Air Act 1993 And Smoke Control Areas

Under the Clean Air Act local authorities may declare the whole or part of the district of the authority to be a smoke control area. It is an offence to emit smoke from a chimney of a building, from a furnace or from any fixed boiler if located in a designated smoke control area. It is also an offence to acquire an "unauthorised fuel" for use within a smoke control area unless it is used in an "exempt" appliance ("exempted" from the controls which generally apply in the smoke control area).

In England appliances are exempted by publication on a list by the Secretary of State in accordance with changes made to sections 20 and 21 of the Clean Air Act 1993 by section 15 of the Deregulation Act 2015. In Scotland appliances are exempted by publication on a list by Scottish Ministers under section 50 of the Regulatory Reform (Scotland) Act 2014. Similarly, In Northern Ireland appliances are exempted by publication on a list by the Department of Agriculture, Environment and Rural Affairs under Section 16 of the Environmental Better regulation Act (Northern Ireland) 2016.

In Wales appliances are exempted by regulations made by Welsh Ministers.

Further information on the requirements of the Clean Air Act can be found here: <https://www.gov.uk/smoke-control-area-rules>

Your local authority is responsible for implementing the Clean Air Act 1993 including designation and supervision of smoke control areas and you can contact them for details of Clean Air Act requirements.

The Aspect wood burning stoves have been recommended as suitable for use in smoke control areas. Suitable Authorised fuels can also be used in the appliances in Smoke Control Areas (see Authorised fuel list <https://smokecontrol.defra.gov.uk/fuels.php>)

Refuelling on to a low fire bed

If there is insufficient burning material in the firebed to light a new fuel charge, excessive smoke emission can occur. Refuelling must be carried out onto a sufficient quantity of glowing embers and ash that the new fuel charge will ignite in a reasonable period. If there are too few embers in the fire bed, add suitable kindling to prevent excessive smoke.

Fuel overloading

The maximum amount of fuel specified in this manual should not be exceeded, overloading can cause excess smoke.

Operation with door left open

Operation with the door open can cause excess smoke. The appliance must not be operated with the appliance door left open except as directed in the instructions.

Dampers left open

Operation with the air controls or appliance dampers open can cause excess smoke. The appliance must not be operated with air controls, appliance dampers or door left open except as directed in the instructions.

Maintenance And Servicing

WARNING!

NO unauthorised modification of this appliance should be carried out.

IMPORTANT!

In order to ensure continued compliance with current Building Regulations and Local Authority Byelaws, this appliance requires regular maintenance by a competent person.

N.B. Refer to the 'Removing Internal Components' section of the installation instructions for details on how to remove each component.

Periods Of Prolonged Non-Use

If the stove is to be left unused for a prolonged period, then it should be given a thorough clean to remove ash and unburned fuel residues. To enable a good flow of air through the appliance to reduce condensation and subsequent damage, leave the air controls fully open. If the appliance has been unused for a long period, such as during the spring and summer months, a competent person should check the chimney for potential obstructions before lighting the stove *i.e. get the chimney swept before the start of the heating season.*

Baffle

This should be removed and cleaned at least once a month to prevent any build-up of soot or fly ash that could lead to blocked flue ways and dangerous fume emission. If the baffle is removed the chimney/flue way can be swept through the appliance.

Stove Body

Painted Finish - The stove is finished with a heat resistant paint and this can be cleaned with a dry microfiber cloth or dry soft brush. Do not clean whilst the stove is hot. **At no point should any water or other cleaning products be used on the stove.** The finish can be renovated with Hunter Stoves paint.

Glass Panel(s)

Clean the glass panel when cool with a propriety glass cleaner. Highly abrasive substances should be avoided as these can scratch the glass and make subsequent cleaning more difficult. Wet logs on heated glass, a badly aimed poker or heavy slamming of the doors could crack the glass panels. The glass will not fracture from heat. Should you need to replace a glass panel please ensure you purchase a new Gasket at the same time. Please check periodically that the glass clips and screws have not become loose.

Gaskets

All gasket used on this appliance are produced from a heat resistant material called Manniglas. The glass gasket will have to be replaced when a new piece of glass is fitted as the gaskets become brittle after firing the stove. Over time you may find that the gasket changes colour. This is due to a reduction in the pigment used in the manufacture of the product, and is no cause for concern

Firebricks

In normal use, these can last for many years. It is possible however, to crack them if logs are continually jammed against them or if they are frequently struck with a poker. Check periodically for seriously cracked bricks, which can be replaced with new; available from your dealer or our spares website www.hunterstoves.co.uk

Door Catch

Should the door catch require adjustment, please follow the procedure below: Open the Door. Slacken the M6 grub screw, on the underside of the Handle Boss. Turn the inside catch shaft one turn clockwise, this will achieve a tighter lock when the door is closed. Re-tighten the M6 grub screw. Close and test the operation of the Handle mechanism.

Rope

Check the rope around the door. If rope is becoming detached, use Hunter Stoves rope glue to reattach it. If the rope is in a poor condition, a replacement rope kit may be ordered from the Hunter Stoves spares range.

Chimney And Flue Ways

It is important that the chimney, flue ways and any connecting flue pipe are swept regularly. This means at least once a year for smokeless fuels and at least twice a year for wood and other fuels. The baffle will need to be removed from its supports in order to sweep the chimney. Only wire-centred sweeps' brushes fitted with a guide wheel should be used. If it is not possible to sweep all parts of the chimney through the appliance, ensure there is adequate access to cleaning doors. If the stove is fitted in place of an open fire, then the chimney should be swept one month after installation to clear any soot falls which may have occurred due to the difference in combustion between the stove and the open fire.

Annual Service

Hunter Stoves recommend that this appliance is serviced annually, preferably prior to the start of the heating season, thus avoiding any delay in receiving replacement components, should you need them. If you are unable to undertake this task, Hunter Stoves recommend that you contact the installation engineer for advice

Remove all the internal components:

Riddling Bars, Cam Bar, Catch Bar, Ashpan, Side Plates and Baffle.

Clean them with a brush and inspect them for damage.

Sweep the chimney/flue system if necessary. Clean down the internal surfaces of the appliance using a scraper or wire brush.

Inspect these surfaces for damage. If damage is found, we advise that you consult with your installer about rectification/repair.

Brush out or vacuum the inside of the appliance and re-fit the internal components.

Inspect the Glass and Gasket. Clean the Glass with a non-abrasive cleaner if required. If the Gasket is torn or damaged, we recommend that it is replaced.

Brush down the outer surface and touch up the paint if necessary.

Burn the appliance at a low rate, after maintenance, to allow any new seals, paint or glue cure properly. The appliance may emit unpleasant odours during this process, please ensure the room is well ventilated.

TROUBLESHOOTING

	ISSUE	CAUSE	RESOLUTION
OPERATION	Problem starting the fire and keeping it burning	Low flue draught	Speak to your installer
		Wood with moisture content over 20%	Ensure use of dry seasoned wood with less than 20% moisture content
	Unable to control fire	High flue draught	Speak to your installer
	Short burn time	Wood with moisture content over 20%. Insufficient amount of fuel – refer to page 15 (Notes on Woodburning)	Ensure use of dry seasoned wood with less than 20% moisture content
	Over firing	High flue draught	Speak to your installer
		Air controls left fully open	Close air control to reduce output
	Low heat output	Low flue draught	Speak to your installer with advice on a suitable flue system.
		Wet wood (over 20% moisture content)	Ensure use of dry seasoned wood with less than 20% moisture content
Excessive fuel consumption	High flue draught	Speak to your installer	
		Over dry wood	Do not use constructional timber of pallet wood
SMOKE PROBLEMS	Smoke and small flames	Wood with moisture content over 20%	Ensure use of dry seasoned wood with less than 20% moisture content
	Intermittent smoke spillage into room when appliance door is opened	Low flue draught	Speak to your installer
		Incorrect additional ventilation air in to the building	Speak to your installer
	Continuous smoke spillage into the room when stove is in use	Blocked flue	Open all doors and windows to ventilate the room. Allow the fire to go out. Check flue for blockage. Do not re-use until the problem has been identified. If in doubt speak to your installer.
Blue/grey smoke from chimney	Wood with moisture content over 20%	Ensure use of dry seasoned wood with less than 20% moisture content	
ADVERSE WEATHER	Windy days causing spillage into the room	Down draught in flue caused by air turbulence due to nearby buildings or trees.	Weather conditions combined with the flue terminal position can have an effect on the stoves performance. Speak to your installer.
	Calm days causing spillage into the room	Over size flue giving poor flue draught	Weather conditions combined with the flue terminal position can have an effect on the stoves performance. Speak to your installer.
	Damp/Rainy days lighting and burning problems	Flue temperature low or rain water inside flue.	Use good quality wood to start and maintain the fire, speak to your installer to fit a rain cowl.
	Wind noise	High flue draught	Speak to your installer.

	ISSUE	CAUSE	RESOLUTION
THE APPLIANCE	Creosote build-up in chimney	Wood with moisture content over 20%	Use dry seasoned wood (less than 20% moisture content). Operate at a high temperature for short periods each time the appliance is used to avoid large build-ups of tars and creosotes.
	Tar coming from flue joints	Appliance operated at continuous low temperatures	Operate at a high temperature for short periods each time the appliance is used to avoid large build-ups of tars and creosotes. See user instructions for correct use of air control
		Using poor quality wood	Use dry seasoned wood (less than 20% moisture content).
	Dirty firebricks/glass	Wood with moisture content over 20%	Use dry seasoned wood (less than 20% moisture content).
	Glass blackening	Using poor quality wood	Use dry seasoned wood (less than 20% moisture content).
		Low flue draught	Speak to your installer.
		Incorrect use of air control	See user instructions for correct use of air control
Appliance operated at low temperatures continuously		Operate at high output for short periods. See instructions for correct use of air control.	

FLUES	Flue systems have two main functions:
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) To remove the smoke, fumes and combustion gasses from the building safely and efficiently 2) To provide a sufficient amount of flue draught (suction) in the appliance to ensure the fire keeps burning correctly. <p>The flue draught is caused by rising hot gases when the appliance is burning.</p> <p>If any flue issues persist then speak to your installer before continuing to use the stove.</p>

OPTIONAL EXTRAS

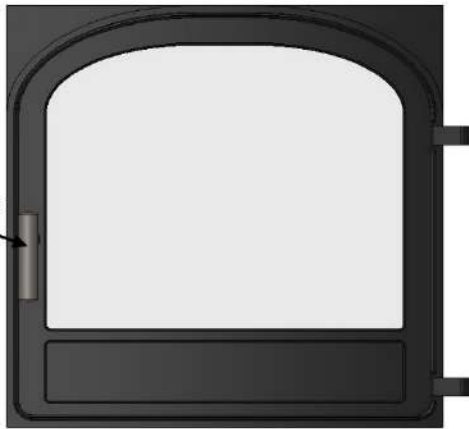
These can be purchased through our website www.hunterstoves.co.uk .

PRODUCT	CODE
Glass Cleaner (150mm Aerosol)	SCPGC
Fire Cement (500gm)	SCPFC500
Operating Tool	HFR07040
Rope Glue (25ml)	SCPLUE25ML
Gauntlet Gloves (Pair)	GGLOVE-HSG
Touch up Paint with Brush (236ml)	SCPPB
Spray Paint (400ml)	40.011400HSG
ROPE SEAL KIT	
Single Door only	SCPCB900SDRSK-REVC

Spares Information

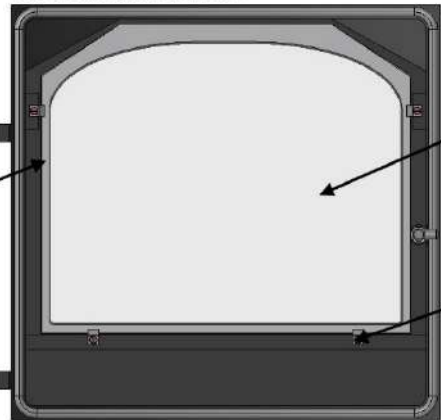
Single Door Spares

Complete Door
DCB09S



Door Handle Assembly
TDI05ARRT011MB - Black
HCE09ARRT043S - SS

Rope Seal Kit
SCPCB900SDRSK-REVC

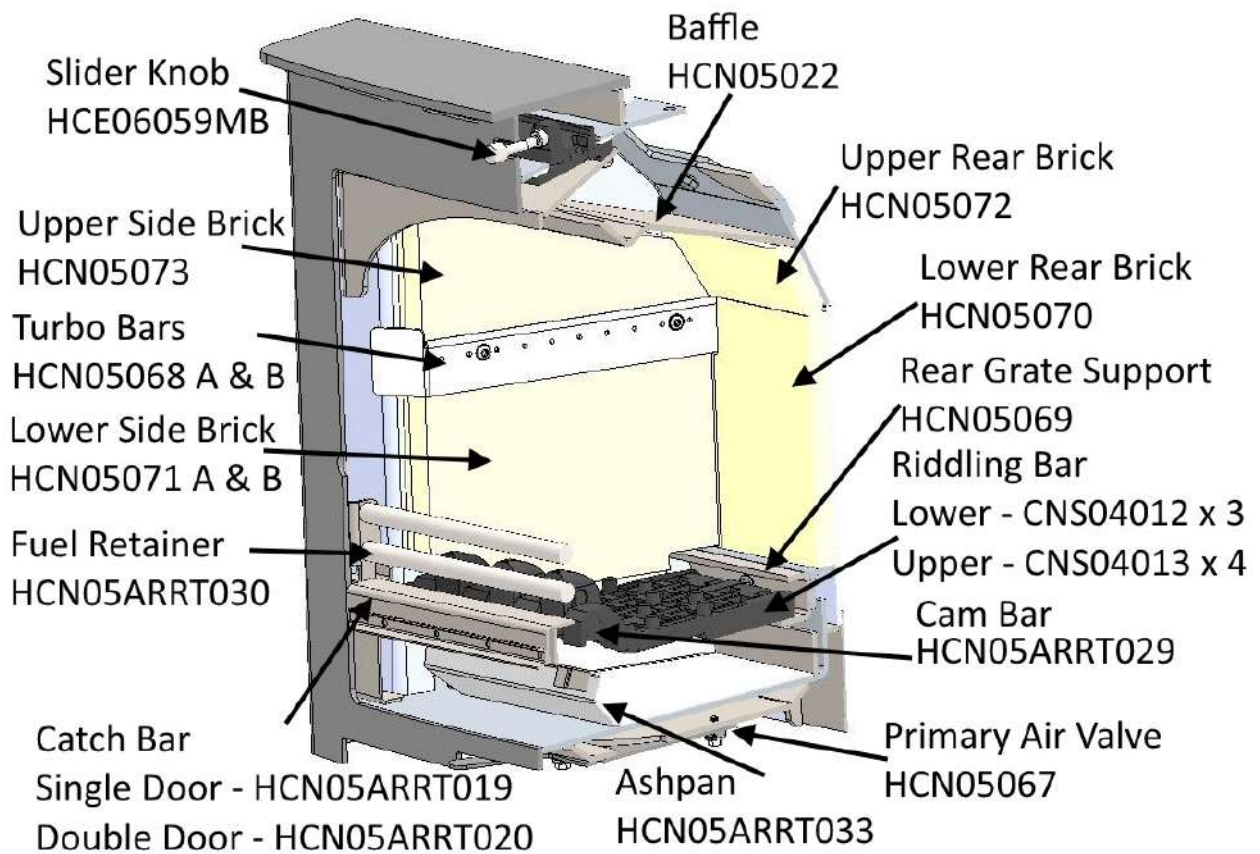


Glass Gasket
HCE09101

Glass
HCE09102

Glass Clip/Screw
HHR08164S

Body Assembly Spares



TOP AIR

- Deflector - HCN05ARRT023
- Gasket - HH06088
- Slider Plate - HCN05050
- Slider - HH06086
- Shaft - HCN05016
- Knob - HCE05040MB - Black
HCE05040 - SS

COMMISSIONING & INSTALLATION CHECKLIST

PURCHASE INFORMATION	
Dealer/Retailer Name	
Address	
Telephone Number	
Email	
Date Purchased	

INSTALLER INFORMATION	
Installer Name	
Address	
Telephone Number	
Email	

APPLIANCE INFORMATION	
Date Installed	
Appliance Stock Code	
Appliance Description	
Serial Number	

COMMISSIONING CHECK (Complete & Sign)		
	YES	NO
Does the chimney/flue system meet the appropriate standard?		
Has the chimney/flue system been swept and passed the soundness test?		
Has this appliance passed the flue draught test?		
Please write down the flue draught reading:		
Has this appliance passed the smoke test?		
Has this appliance passed the spillage test?		
Have you explained how to operate the appliance and explained the controls?		

Signature:	Print Name:
------------	-------------

SERVICE RECORDS

1 st Service	
Date of Service	
Date of next Service	
Servicing Company/ Engineer	
Signature	

3 rd Service	
Date of Service	
Date of next Service	
Servicing Company/ Engineer	
Signature	

5 th Service	
Date of Service	
Date of next Service	
Servicing Company/ Engineer	
Signature	

7 th Service	
Date of Service	
Date of next Service	
Servicing Company/ Engineer	
Signature	

9 th Service	
Date of Service	
Date of next Service	
Servicing Company/ Engineer	
Signature	

2 nd Service	
Date of Service	
Date of next Service	
Servicing Company/ Engineer	
Signature	

4 th Service	
Date of Service	
Date of next Service	
Servicing Company/ Engineer	
Signature	

6 th Service	
Date of Service	
Date of next Service	
Servicing Company/ Engineer	
Signature	

8 th Service	
Date of Service	
Date of next Service	
Servicing Company/ Engineer	
Signature	

10 th Service	
Date of Service	
Date of next Service	
Servicing Company/ Engineer	
Signature	

2 Year Standard Warranty

Any appliance bought through the showroom of an authorised Hunter Stoves Group dealership will automatically be covered by our standard 2-year conditional guarantee.

However, this standard 2-year warranty can be extended to a **5 year** or **10-year** conditional warranty dependent on the model type (5 years- Boiler model and Gas models, 10 years- Room heater).

To qualify for this extended warranty option, you need to:

1. Register your purchase online at <https://www.hunterstoves.co.uk/ProductRegistration>
2. Retain your proof of purchase.

Warranty Conditions

For the Standard 2 year or extended 5/10-year warranty to be valid and to remain in force throughout the warranty period the following must have been carried out:

1. The appliance must have been installed by an appropriately qualified engineer (from the Competent Person Scheme/Gas Safe) in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and in compliance of any relevant national or local building regulations. Please visit the following links for details on the Competent Person Scheme: <https://www.gov.uk/guidance/competent-person-scheme-current-schemes-and-how-schemes-are-authorised> and Gas Safe register: <https://www.gassaferegister.co.uk/>
2. The appliance will need to be registered within two months of purchase and the commissioning and installation documentation completed (these need to be kept by the end user).
3. The appliance must be serviced within 12 months of the installation date for the second year of the standard warranty to be valid, and within every 12-month anniversary thereafter to maintain the validity and coverage of any extended warranty. For this purpose, the installation and user instructions, supplied with the appliance, makes a provision for receipts and annual services to be recorded. This is needed in the event of a claim during the warranty period.
4. Only genuine Hunter Stoves spare parts or consumables can be used in the servicing and maintenance of the appliance during any standard or extended warranty period. These can be sourced from your authorised supplier directly or through our website spares portal. www.hunterstoves.co.uk/spares.
5. Any problems or issues giving rise to any claim under the standard or extended warranty must be submitted to the authorised Hunter Stoves Group retailer from whom you originally purchased the appliance. Hunter Stoves Group will then offer appropriate support and help through your original authorised supplier to solve any issues.
6. The standard or extended warranty option is not transferable. It is solely for the benefit of the original purchaser of the appliance. For this purpose, please retain the proof of purchase.

Warranty Exclusions

No warranty period is extended to naturally-wearing replaceable consumables and spare parts within the appliance. Such parts include, but are not limited to:

For Solid Fuel Stoves:

Glass and rope/ceramic seals
Fire bricks
Baffles/Throat plates
Log retainers, grate supports & catch bars
Grate parts
Ash-pans
Clip-in Boilers

For Gas Stoves:

Gas pilot assemblies
Thermocouples and Oxy pilots
Ceramic log & coal 'fuel -effects'
Batteries

Paint and Surface Coverings

The paint or surface covering of the appliance will be covered (for 2 years after installation) provided the warranty conditions are met. However, damage due to the following events will not be covered:

1. Damage to the paint surface caused by the appliance being stored in a damp and cold environment is not covered under warranty. Please be aware that any moisture within the room where the stove is installed e.g. through clothes drying, can be a cause of paint issues.
2. In the course of the initial firings of the appliance the paint or enamel surface may change colour. This is normal and as such is therefore not covered under warranty.
3. Damaged caused by over firing, resulting in cracking, bubbling or discolouration to the paint or enamelled surface finish is not covered under warranty.

Warranty Limitations

1. Damage to the appliance due to specific local conditions caused by draft or chimney defects.
2. Damage resulting from installation and use where installation is not in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions or local building and/or safety regulations.
3. Damage or premature wear caused by burning inappropriate fuels such as Bituminous coal, "Petro-Coke" or any other Petroleum based coals. Please visit the HETAS website, www.hetas.co.uk, for a full list of approved fuels which are covered by the warranty. Fuels outside of this list are not covered by the warranty.
4. Damage caused by burning material with high creosote content or any other painted/treated timber.
5. Consequential loss to associated non-Hunter Stoves Group products is not covered under the warranty.
6. Consequential loss relating to decorations, soft furnishings or other household assets is not covered under the warranty.
7. Cost associated with the removal and re-installation of an appliance subject to a warranty claim.

Hunter Stoves Group total liability will only extend to the total purchase price paid for the goods in any warranty claim. Hunter Stoves Group reserve the right to replace, repair or refund to value of goods purchased.

ANY HUNTERS STOVES GROUP PRODUCT PURCHASED VIA AN INTERNET SUPPLIER, OR THROUGH AN UNAUTHORISED STOCKIST WILL ONLY BE SUPPORTED BY THE STATUTORY, 12 MONTH GUARANTEE AND WILL NOT QUALIFY FOR ANY EXTENDED 5 OR 10 YEAR WARRANTY.

The Hunter Stoves Group extended warranty option does not affect your statutory rights.

This revised standard or extended 5 or 10-year warranty option comes into effect on **1st September 2015** and will apply to all appliances sold from that date.

This standard/extended warranty applies to purchases of Hunter Stoves within the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland. Purchases in all other countries are subject to the warranty conditions specified by the distributor in those markets.



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Further Information

For extra guidance on using your stove, please visit our YouTube channel by searching 'Hunter Stoves Group' or see the helpful hints section of our website; www.hunterstoves.co.uk.

This appliance is suitable for continuous burning.

This appliance is not suitable for use in a shared flue.

All genuine Hunter Group spares can be purchased through our website www.hunterstoves.co.uk/spares or through your authorised dealer.